Obregon's lines of communication were reported by refugees who arrived today by the hundreds.

The evacuation of Torreon was accomplished only after every foreigner who wished to leave had been offered every facility, according to reports.

Gens. Felipe Angeles, Roque Gonzales Garza, Raoul Madero, Miguel Lombardo, Francisco Escudero and Enrique Liorente were announced today as the representatives of the Villa government to the pan-American conferences on peace in Mexico. Garza is now en route to Washington. It is semi-officially stated that they will declare the Villa government to the pan-American conferences on foreign to reports believed to be authentic reaching here today.

Clao last night was reported on the way to Washington. It is semi-officially stated that they will declare the Villa government of the pan-American conferences on foreign to report the pan-American conference of the Villa government to the pan-American confer

ington. It is semi-officially stated that they will declare the Villa government has been guided in its conduct by the desires of the United States, and will ask what is to be its reward.

Jose Naria Maytorena, Villa Governor of Sonora, today officially reported the defeat of the Carranza forces at Santa Barbara, Sonora. The report said:

"Today at 10 o'clock, shortly after we left Mascarenas, our vanguard encountered the enemy's cavalry, which fied and was overtaken in Santa Barbara.

There we captured eight and killed of the captured of the captured

VILLA TROOPS ARE ADVANCING IN THE VICINITY OF MAZATLAN

lan 7,000 Carranza troops have mebilized under Gen. Risguez, and the indications are for an active campaign between the opposing forces.

Gen. Ramon Iturbe, since the begin-land for the begin-land for the begin-land for the begin-land for the south, but no decisive action has occurred.

The United States cruiser Raleigh is land been urged to leave Mexico.

Mr. Llorente wrote September 15:

MAZATLAN, Mexico, September 18, 1 ning of the revolutions in supreby radio to San Diego, Cal.—Three command of Carranza troops in the Mexico are set forth in correspondence thousand Villa troops under Gen. state of Sinaloa, has been relieved of between Secretary Lansing and En-Buelna have advanced to Acamponeta, his command by Gen. Dieguez, by or- rique C. Llorente, Villa's agent in a town about seventy miles south of ders of Gen. Obregon, and has left for Washington, made public last night. Mazatlan, according to advices received Mazadillo. Lack of active operations Villa's agent wrote to Secretary Lanhere today. In the vicinity of Mazat- is supposed to have caused his recall, sing, following the announcement of

MEXICANS REPORTED KILLED; U. S. TROOPS AGAIN ON MOVE

-At least six Mexicans, and possibly nine, were killed in yesterday's fight with American soldiers across the Rio While there they were fired upon from authorities adequate guarantees. Grande near Donna, about sixty miles up the Rio Grande from here, it was started the battle in which the Mex- confirmed, would seem to indicate disclosed by the investigation of border licans lost heir lives.

Matamoros hospital tonight. orders for the entrainment Monday of R. L. Bullard at Harlingen, asking for

the 8th Cavalry, U. S. A., for El Paso, troops at the Asadon ranch, a com-Tex., were announced at the San Fran- munity entirely composed of Mexicans. cisco Presidio today. The cavalrymen southwest of Sebastian. Eight men. are to do border patrol duty under Col. which is the regular patrol for such re-

Col. A. P. Blocksom went today from

CASE OF THE ARABIA PARADE AND CARNIVAL **USED AS PRECEDENT**

afraid of bandits and that they were

Chicago Meat Packers Recall U. S. Government's Protest

FAVOR VOTE FOR WOMEN

Pros and Antis Active.

said today.

In order to prevent exploitation of

convention is expected to close

of the enemy's forces. The proof is of pany, Inc., W. T. Kerfoot, jr.; Harry an impossible nature and it cannot be Kopp, L. Walsky, George M. Barker, Wil-

According to W. F. Ulrich, vice presi-

dent of the Importers' Forwarding Company, Chicago, representing 150 importers of Chicago and neighboring territory, cargoes valued at approximately \$12,990,000 consigned to Chicago alone are held up at Rotterdam.

"That will give an idea of the value of the shipments destined to other pin this high-handed way," said Mr. Ulrich. "The shipments were purchased in good faith at a neutral port, but the ships dare not move for fear of confiscation. It is true that some few individual cargoes have been moved through the efforts of attorneys working with the London authorities, but that is an expensive method, and one to which we should not be forced. I have conferred with the packers and so far as possible we will join issues.

Chamber of Commerce to Act.

HAVOK VUIL FUK WUMEN

Largely Aided, Report

Shows.

CHICAGO, September 18.— CHICAGO, September 18.— CHICAGO, September 18.— Just eight weeks after the steamer Eastland, laden with more than 2,500 pleasure-seekers, capsized in the Chicago river, drowning \$12 persons, a detailed reform this year.

After a debate of some length the association adopted a resolution declaring the organization neutral on the question of prohibition.

Chamber of Commerce to Act.

Pros and Antis Active. Company, Chicago, representing 150 im-

Chamber of Commerce to Act. "Next Monday afternoon the executive committee of the Chicago Association of the State Department with-but delay."

Locals of the Amalgamated have been importuned by temperance organizations to declare for prohibition and by members of brewery workers and bartenders' unions to declare against it. The action of the Amalgamated is likely to have an effect on the result of consideration of the question by the American Federation of Labor, leaders and the specific association was given, \$85,000 from the company's death benefit association and \$271,000 from insurance companies.

With financial help from other sources the report estimates that approximately \$850,000 will have been ly to have an effect on the result of consideration of the question by the American Federation of Labor, leaders.

New Ship for Coast Trade,

Treaty Favorably Reported.

BUENOS AIRES, September 18—The senate committee has made a favorable report on the peace treaty between Argentina, Brazil and Chile, which was signed in Buenos Aires on May 25 last large vote.

In order to prevent exploitation of union membership by liquor dealers the association adopted a resolution problibiting liquor dealers from joining the union. A resolution providing for the automatic retirement from membership of members who become inspectors or of foremen was lost by a large vote. signed in Buenos Aires on May 25 last by the representatives of the three states concerned.

MR. LANSING ACTED TO AID AMERICANS

Reasons They Were Advised to Quit Mexico Made Public at State Department.

ONLY A PRECAUTION, HE SAYS, FOR SAFETY

In Addition, Carrothers Reported Villa Had Disclaimed Responsibility for Bandits.

The causes which led the State Deto advise Americans to leave northern

been unofficially informed that the Desular officers and American citizens in territory controlled by the convention forces in northern Mexico to depart from their posts and repair to and found that two American soldiers, United States. This action is said to inarmed, approached the Rio Grande have been based on their alleged inability to secure from local, military yesterday to get a drink of water. the opposite bank of the river. This view of this reported step, which, if started the battle in which the Mexicans on the part of the department as to the ability of the provisional government to maintain orders for the entrainment Monday of the Sth Cavalry, U. S. A., for El Paso.

Tex., were announced at the San Francisco say that sorters from the sth Cavalry, U. S. A., for El Paso.

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Tex., were announced at the San Francisco say that sorters from the sth Cavalry, U. S. A., for El Paso.

Tex., were announced at the San Francisco say that sorters from the start due to the battle in which the Mexicans confirmed, would seem to indicate a grave apprehension on the part of the department as to the ability of the provisional government to maintain orders and their interests within said territory, I am directed by the start of the department as to the ability of the provisional government to maintain orders and their interests within said territory, I am directed by the start of the department as to the ability of the provisional government to maintain orders and their interests within said territory, I am directed by the start of the department as to the ability of the provisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and their interests within three days to approvisional government to maintain orders and th out affording him opportunity to ren edy any wrong act or to remove feeling of insecurity that might on the part of those lives and properties he considers it his duty to safeguard and protect. I would be most thankful to your excellency for an early reply."

Reply of Mr. Lansing.

September 17 Mr. Lansing wrote in ON ELABORATE SCALE

The control of t For the big carnival and parade to mark the completion of the new paying and lighting of upper 7th street the sum of \$500 has been subscribed and the end is not yet.

The parade and carnival committee, Joseph Berberich, chairman, announces to all parties concerned and to prevent, in so far as possible serious complications.

CHCAOO, Resemble 11.—The constraints of the seasons of the seasons

Magatlan has urged the military au-

an impossible nature and it cannot be admitted that the absence of proof, in its nature impossible, can justify the seizure and condemnation.'

"This principle," continued Mr. Faulkner, "as laid down by Mr. Hay was later accepted by the Russian government."

Mr. Veeder explained that the unusually heavy supments to neutral countries afterward was declared to be due to the fact that Germany raked these countries dry of foodstuffs and the neutrals had to replenish.

Cargoes Held at Rotterdam.

Cargoes Held at Rotterdam by the British embargo, valued at many millions of dollars, are expected to be recalled to the attention of the Washington government in connection with the packers case.

According to W. F. Ulrich and the packers case.

According to W. F. Ulrich and the packers case.

According to W. F. Ulrich and the packers case.

Kopp. L. Walsky, George M. Barker, W. S. Livingston & Son, Joseph Berberich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Son, Joseph Berberich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Charles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Parles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Parles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co., Parles S. Sherich, H. Abramson, Record Auto Supply & Service Co

Those Bereft by Eastland Disaster

ern Electric Company, under whose

New Ship for Coast Trade.

ASHTABULA, Ohio, September 18.— The Morris Adler was launched today at the local plant of the Great Lakes Engineering Works. The new boat is 261 feet over all with a beam of 43 feet 6 inches and a depth of 26 feet 6 inches. The Adler was built for George Simpson of New York and will be used

Federal Battery Ready on Mexican Border.



LOWER-FINDING RANGE FOR CANNON FROM INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE.

Cannon have been placed in position near Brown, tille for the expected attack of Mexicans on the city. Those shown in this photograph are trained on Matamores, waiting for the first sign of trouble. The lower photograph was taken on the International bridge. It shows American soldiers finding the range for the cannon nearby. Now everything is in place, and an attack from Matamoros may mean serious trouble.

SHOOTS SENSATIONALLY IN MATCH AT SEAGIRT

Medal in Championship Con-

thorities there to apprehend those re-

WORKMEN IN DEMANDS

Lieut. H. L. Smith Wins Governor's Eight-Hour Day and Increased Wages Among Things Re-

Leads American Newspapers

Order Journal for the first six months of 1915, The Star carried a greater volume of local display advertising than any other American newspaper,

whether morning or evening and Sunday.

or evening and Sunday.

supreme in Washington.

Saturday,

Sunday.

Monday,

Tuesday,

Thursday,

Friday,

According to a compilation made by the Mail

The same source of information shows that the

Local merchants and national advertisers have

1915 September 11......64,480

September 12......52,702

September 13......70,099

September 14.....70,550

September 16......71,088

September 17......70,356

JAY B. SMITH, Notary Public.

total volume of display advertising carried by The

Star during that period was greater than that of

any other American newspaper, whether morning

long since recognized the fact that The Star is

WEEKLY CIRCULATION STATEMENT

Wednesday, September 15......71,204

AFFIDAVIT.

I solemnly swear that the above statement represents only the number of copies of THE EVENING AND SUNDAY STAR circulated during the seven days ended September 17, 1915—that is, the number of copies actually sold, delivered, furnished or mailed, for valuable consideration, to bona fide purchasers or subscribers—and that the copies so counted are not returnable to or do not remain in the office unsold, except in the case of Sunday papers sent to out-of-town agents, from whom a few returns of unsold papers have not yet been received.

town agents, from which have not yet been received.

FLEMING NEWBOLD,

FLEMING NEWBOLD,

Business Manager.

The Evening Star Newspaper Company.

Subscribed Star Newspaper Company.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this eighteenth day of September A.D. 1915.

ON WESTINGHOUSE PLANT

Marine Corps, 48, 47, 44, 41—180.

Morine Corps, 48, 47, 44, 41—180.

Possession of the Libbey trophy was retained by Capt. W. H. Richard of the Rifle and Gun Club, who shot to a victory in the twenty-shot match at 1,100 yards, with a score of 97. Maj. Winfield S. Price, New Jersey, was second with 95, and W. E. Reynolds, New Jersey, was shird, with 94.

Dr. Henry Smith Dies in Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., September 18.—Dr. Henry Smith, one of the best known physicians in this section of Virginia, died at his home in this city today after a brief illness. He was eighty years old, and was formerly in the United States marine hospital service. He was a native of Canada.

Set Olute Liber Proceedings.

MOBILE, Ala, September 18.—A special from Gulfport, Miss., says:

Pursued for ten miles out of Gulfport harbor by a United States deputy marshal, who bore documents by which he was to selze the vessel under libel proceedings, the captain of the Dutch steamship Helena put on full speed and outdistanced the launch in which the officer was chasing him.

The libel service was ordered in United States court here yesterday, when C. Amsinck & Co. and the Actna Insurance Company filed suit against the vessel for \$1,600, alleging failure of the steamer to load lumber, after arranging so to do, to be shipped to Arranging so to do, to be shipped to Arranging so to do, to be shipped to Arranging so to do, to be been so construed when retained by the deputy, but the Helena continued on her course.

He was a native of Canada.

nis without question from official parters. What I proposed to ask from quarters. What I proposed to ask from the citizens of my country is only another form of compliance with our military law. The demand that they shall not work for the enemy is less of an exaction from them than that they return home to fight the enemy. Why, then, is the former characterized as conspiracy in my case while the latter is recognized as legitimate as applied to the action of the allies?

Immoral Foundations of Industry.

"The tragic conflict between duty and necessity to which my countrymen are exposed throws a lurid light upon the immoral foundations of this war industry, which in its need for the cheap labor of these unskilled workmen refused to give the slightest heed to their sacred feelings of patriotism and duty. "I am advised that there is no substantial difference between the law of my country, which I have been asked to call to the attention of my countrymen here, and to which their obedience is exacted, and your own law on the same subject. My information is that in the unfortunate event of a war between your country and a foreign power (which I venture to hope will never come to pass), your citizens in foreign lands who are engaged in lending support to the enemy by siding in its supply of ammunitior would be equally guilty as if they took up arms against your government; and I make bold to suggest that your ambassider in a weight of the support of the sup sador in a neutral country who failed to exert himself by all proper means to avert such a catastrophe to them and to his country would be remiss in his highest duty.

Dr. Dumba's Obligations. "I take it that my obligation as representing my government to protect

he rights and interests of its citizens here in their relations with your government under the accepted rules of international law carries with it corresponding obligations on the part of citizens of my government resident here to refrain from lending aid to our enemies. If by argument or persuasion through the limited channels open to us under the present exceptional con-

ditions, or by otherwise providing for their wants, we are able to prevail upon our citizens to discontinue their attacks upon their fatherland, it is not mer embassy here today, coming by attacks upon their fatherland, it is not only our right, but our bounden duty to do so. This has not yet been done or attempted, because no means of reaching them or providing them with other work has yet been found. "None of the suggestions made to us has been acted upon, as none of them seemed feasible. This statement applies DR. DUMBA SAYS

U. S. IS UNJUST,

The Laws of Austria.

Must First Advise Them.

their country and that as there is no

"None of the suggestions made to us has been acted upon, as none of them seemed feasible. This statement applies particularly to the pians that were outlined in the inclosed translation of the memorandum referred to in my letter of August 21. Some of those plans were visionary and grotesque.

"Such suggestions, as, for instance, the writing of a novel to arouse the patriotic feelings of my countrymen and the placing in ammunition plants of patriots who were to prevail upon their countrymen to quit their work, were manifestly worthless in the view of the fact that such plants have hot only been refusing to employ German, Austrian and Hungarian citizens, but have been steadily, gradually, ridding themselves of the greatest possible number of skilled workmen of these nationalities as rapidly as their business needs would permit.

"The main proposal that seemed practicable and upon which the opinion of our minister of foreign affairs was given to your excellency's message of September 8 to my government.

"The German government issued a proclamation by wireless message calling the attention of its citizens resident in this and other foreign countries to the severe penalties they would incur by participating in the manufacture of munitions for the countries with which Germany is at war. As a result of the proclamation, and perhaps also from a natural impulse of lovality.

ture of munitions for the countries with which Germany is at war. As a result of the proclamation, and perhaps also from a natural impulse of loyalty, some hundreds of German citizens, who are engineers and skilled mechanics, promptly surrendered their positions in American munition factories, as others had previously done from like patriotic motives. They could probably see no distinction in principle or effect between accomplishing the slaughter of their countrymen in this way and taking up arms against them, except that the former method would be more effective than the latter. leaders, was limited to \$15,000 should convey some conception of the character of the charge of which your excellency has seen fit to endeavor to convict me in the eyes of my government and without a hearing.

"If the embryonic proposal contained in my letter, confined as it is to our own citizens were mediate the second of the control of the contro "I was subsequently advised by my

"I was subsequently advised by my government of the issuance by it of a similar proclamation, in which attention was also directed to paragraph 327 of our military penal code, under which (in addition to the provisions of our civil code) the engaging or continuance in such activities by cur citizens in foreign countries is made a crime punishable by imprisonment for from ten to twenty years and under certain circumstances by death.

"I thereupon made strong representations to my government for a suspension of the operation of this law against citizens of Austria-Hungary resident in this country and urged, in support of my plea, the following among other considerations:

"I. That whereas the German workmen were in the main prosperous, highly trained enceialities and mechan.

bearer of an American passport, I again call the attention of your excellency to the unfortunate predicament in which the representatives here of the which the representatives here of the countries that are at war with the allies are placed by the action of your government. We have no access to the cables to Europe that are available to the allies free from censorship. Our only means of telegraphic communication is by open wireless messages, which are subject to such rigid censorship that (by way of illustration) my telegram men were in the main prosperous, highly trained specialists and mechanhighly trained specialists and mechan-ics, whose services were greatly sought in other trades, our citizens in those factories were largely poorly paid, un-skilled laborers, most of whom were unable to read or write any language other than their own, who were work-ing under conditions of unspeakable hardship and who would find it diffi-cult, if not impossible, to secure other employment and who had not the means of subsistence for themselves or their (by way of illustration) my telegram to our minister of foreign affairs in which I endeavored to answer his inexcellency's request for my recall, was returned tome by your government's censor on the ground that it would be unneutral to permit me to let our minister of foreign affairs know the character of the papers belonging to me that Great Britain had intercepted, although the information I thus sought to convey has already been widely published in the pewspapers of your counsubsistence for themselves or their "2. That it would be harsh to declare them criminals and outlaws without irst providing the necessary machinery for acquainting them with the fact lished in the newspapers of your counthat they were violating the laws of try and in foreign lands.

Other Ambassadors' Facilities.

official record of these citizens extant, this would require time and an educa-tional campaign by personal contact and explanation and through the news-

United States government was directed, in the criticism of Dr. Dumba, was that in which he said to the minister for foreign affairs at Vienna the following:

"We could, if not entirely prevent the production of war material in Bethlehem and in the middle west, at any rate strongly discourage it and hold it up for months, which, according to the statement of the German military attache, is of great importance and which ample account of the statement of the German military attache, is of great importance and which amply outweighs the relatively small sacrifice of money."

DR. DUMBA AT LENOX.

Refuses to Make Statement. LENON, Mass., September 18 .- After 30777.

train from New York.

ARCHIBALD DUE TODAY

United States Officials Silent as to Government's Contemplated Action in Case.

upon whom letters from Dr. Constantin Dumba, Austro-Hungarian ambassador here, and Capt. Franz von Papen, Gertive governments were found by British authorities, is due to arrive in New York today, and is expected to come to Washington immediately to offer an explanation of his action. Laws beleved to apply to his case as it affects American neutrality have been cafully studied at the Department Justice, but what action is contiplated has not been announced.

Acting Secretary Polk of the State Department and Attorney General Gregory saw President Wilson late yes-terday. Mr. Polk would not say what had been discussed or whether photo graphic copies of the messages carrie-by Archibald had reached the State De-partment, and the Attorney Genera was equally reticent, although it is be-lieved the Archibald case figured in

GEN. LAKE TO COMMAND ARMY AND NAVY UNION

National Headquarters of Organization to Be Located in Washington.

National headquarters of the Army and Navy Union, U. S. A., is to be lo-cated for the next two years in Washington, for the first time since the organization was founded. At the national encampment, held in Atlantic City last week, Gen. H. Oden Lake of city was elected national con mander of the organization and Charles F. Rougeou, also of Washington, was elected quartermaster. The union pointive, the idea being that this ofcity as the commander.

Gen. Lake was elected on the first ballot, winning over Fred Haskins of New York, commander of the Department of the Navy, and Chief of Police Carter of Baltimore. Other officers chosen were:

vice national commander, E. F. Hann of Atlantic City; Junior vice national commander, L. A. Van Torr of Milwaucommander, L. A. Van Torr of Milwaukee; paymaster general, R. C. Sheppard
of New York; chaplain, Rev. Hinkinson
of Philadelphia, Pa., and members of
the national council of administration,
William T. Conray of Washington, D.
C.; T. J. Meadows of New York, E. V.
Murtaugh of New York and William
Schneider of Connecticut.
The encampment came to an end yesterday. The next meeting place will
be decided upon by the council of administration.

Mr. Jenkins' Automobile Missing. Search is being made by the police for

an automobile of William Jenkins of Returns to Summer Embassy and had been stolen last night from 15th and F streets northwest. The machine bears District No. 30840 and Maryland No.

Used Automobiles

BUYERS-If you want a used car, read the Automobile Columns in the want ad section of The Star. Most of the used auto bargains are offered there.

AUTOMOBILE OWNER - Is your car listed in the Automobile Sale Column? A seven-time ad of 20 words costs only \$1.40. As soon as you sell your car discontinue the ad and we will refund for the remaining insertions.

SPECIAL-If you fail to get TWICE the results from a cash Star ad under this classification than from the same ad in any other Washington newspaper, the entire cost of the ad will be gladly refunded.

Classified Advertising Department, Main 2440.